

THE GREENSBORO TELEGRAM

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TWO THOUSAND WORKERS HEAR MARION LAWRENCE

Great Sunday School Leader Made Forceful
Appeal For Support of Organized Work
And Received Liberal Response.

Special to Telegram.

High Point, April 27.—The great North Carolina Sunday School Convention at High Point reached a high pitch of enthusiasm tonight, after listening to the second address of Marion Lawrence, and when this magnetic and forceful Sunday school leader made an appeal for \$4,000 for the organized work of the State for the ensuing year, the splendid audience of more than two thousand people responded by pledging half of that sum in less than thirty minutes. Mr. Lawrence announced that the remaining two thousand dollars would be raised tomorrow and that he expected to remain in High Point and see that every dollar of the sum is pledged.

Guilford county made the largest pledge of any county in the State for the organized work. Last year Guilford pledged \$150; tonight \$200 was pledged. Several other counties made pledges of \$150 and \$100, but no other county reached the pace set by Guilford.

The financial report for the State, read Thursday morning, showed that the Guilford county organization and Sunday schools, classes and individuals contributed considerably more than \$300 last year to the State work. Guilford's contributions were exceeded only by the contributions of Wake county.

Thursday Evening Session.

The session of the convention Thursday evening was the largest and most enthusiastic held to that time. After the song service and the singing of "The Holy City" by Mrs. Charles Butler, and the devotional service, led by Rev. L. E. Smith of the Greensboro Christian church, Rev. B. W. Spilman, field secretary of the Sunday School Board of the Southern Baptist Convention, made a splendid address on the subject of "How the Interdenominational Work Can Help the Denominational Work." He was followed by Marion Lawrence on "Organization for Evangelization."

Thursday Morning Session.

The session of the convention Thursday morning was largely attended, the ranks of delegates and visitors in High Point being materially increased by more than two hundred people who came down on the special train from Greensboro.

This session was given mainly to hearing the reports of the officers and field workers of the State organization. Mrs. E. R. Michaux, superintendent of elementary work, and Rev. J. C. Caldwell, superintendent of teacher training, were not present and their reports were not submitted. Mrs. C. D. McIver submitted an encouraging report of the home department work; T. B. Eldridge reported for the Organized Adult Class movement; and Miss Dora Redding reported for the Visitation work.

Rev. L. F. Johnson, statistician, was not present, and J. Van Carter, general secretary, read his report. This report showed that eleven denominations are affiliated in the Sunday school work of the State. These denominations are Friends, Christian, Episcopalian, Presbyterian, Methodist, Missionary Baptist, Methodist Protestant, Reformed, Disciples, Moravian and Lutheran.

J. Van Carter, general secretary, submitted his annual report and this report furnished all of the evidence necessary to prove that he has been an exceedingly busy man during the past year, and that his first year in this office has been one of marked success. He

PERSONNEL OF BUILDING COMMISSION ANNOUNCED

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, April 27.—The personnel of the building commission for the erection of the \$250,000 fireproof state administration building is just announced by Governor Kitchin. Its members are Ashley Horne, Clayton; J. S. Carr, Durham; J. A. Long, Roxboro; J. Elwood Cox, High Point; A. S. Roseoe, Winston; W. L. Parsons, Rockingham; W. E. Springer, Wilmington. The commissioners will organize at once. The building is expected to be at the southwest corner of Capital Square where the state now owns the corner lot and will buy the Woman's club building and a residence adjoining the Rainey library.

Preparatory Service.

The attention of members of the Moravian church is called to the service that will be conducted at 8 o'clock this evening preparatory to the series of revival services which will begin next Sunday. The pastor urges a full attendance of members and the general public is cordially invited. During the series of services next week Rev. J. Kenneth Pfohl, pastor of Salem Home Moravian church, will do the preaching.

MADERO

Agrees to Extension of Armistice in Mex- ico For Five Days.

Special to Telegram.

El Paso, Texas, April 27.—General Madero has agreed to an extension of the armistice for another five days. Mexico City has asked for an extension of the armistice under the same provisions, while peace is being discussed.

The Mexican gunboat, which began shelling the rebel position at Mazatlan, the largest port in Mexico, ceased on the protest of the foreign residents of the city presented through the foreign consulate. Mazatlan is on the western coast. It is now entirely surrounded by rebels and it is reported that they have cut off the city's water supply and are threatening to attack the town.

OPEN FIGHT IN THE SENATE IS EXPECTED

Special to Telegram.

Washington, April 27.—An open fight over the reorganization of committees is expected in the Senate tomorrow. This afternoon when Senator Gallinger presented his complete list of committee assignment with a resolution making them effective he asked that immediate consideration be given the report. Senator Cummings objected and under the rules the matter went over until tomorrow.

The contention of the dissatisfied progressives is that the representation of the regulars on the finance, interstate commerce and foreign relations committees is excessive. Despite the dissatisfaction over the assignments it is understood that the progressives will make no further effort to form a coalition with the Democrats and thus control the Senate. Such a proposition was rejected off-hand by the Democrats, who said that the majority had the right to reorganize the committees.

WEST PULLY BEGINS TWENTY YEAR TERM IN PENITENTIARY

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, April 27.—West Pully is back in the penitentiary to serve twenty years for the murder of Henry Perry, Franklin county, four years ago. He was declared insane soon after killing and committed to the criminal insane department of the penitentiary without a trial, remaining there until quite recently when he was carried back for trial. This resulted in the twenty-year sentence begun today.

Tomorrow's program:

Friday Morning, April 28.

9:30. Song Service, conducted by Mr. and Mrs. Butler.

9:45. Address: "The Sunday School as a School," Rev. B. W. Spilman.

10:30. Round Table, "Sunday School Problems," conducted by Mr. Marion Lawrence.

11:30. Election of officers.

11:40. Open conference: "The Benefits of State Sunday School Paper," led by General Secretary J. Van Carter.

12:15. Devotional: "The Power of Prayer," Rev. T. M. Johnson, Asheboro.

Friday Afternoon, April 28.

President presiding.

2:30. Song service, conducted by Mr.

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Friday Evening, April 28.

7:30. Song Service, conducted by Mr. and Mrs. Butler.

8:00. Devotional: "The Power of Personal Work," Rev. E. A. Shenk, Winston-Salem.

8:20. Address: "Jesus Making Truth Clear," Rev. B. W. Spilman.

8:30. Report of committees.

9:10. Address: "What Shall the Harvest Be?" Mr. Marion Lawrence.

Introduction of officers.

Presenting Banners.

Farewell words.

NON-SUIT IN BIG DAMAGE SUIT TAKEN

Raleigh Electric Company was Being Sued for \$15,000 Damages—Gov. Kitchin Attending School Closings—Mayor Wynne Spent \$150 to get Defeated.

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, April 27.—The Carolina Power and Light Company obtained a nonsuit in Wake Superior court today in the damage suit against the company by R. H. Bell who was suing for \$15,000 damages for injuries in falling from a scaffolding at the power plant and street car sheds of the company some months ago while these were being enlarged. The allegation of the plaintiff was that his falling was really due to being pushed off the scaffold by an employee of the company carelessly and through negligence of the company. At the conclusion of the evidence counsel for the Carolina Company entered a demur to the evidence which was sustained. The plaintiff will appeal.

Governor Kitchin is out of the executive office for a few days on a "school closing address" mission to a number of points. The demands on the state officers at this season for this service is very great. Some of the State officers have been declining invitations of this sort for some time at the rate of four or five per day because they just cannot spare so much time from their official duties. The governor has been sticking pretty close to his desk the past two years, until the past few weeks.

The statement is made at the State Department of Agriculture that there is being conducted, this season experimental farm work for the benefit of farm neighborhoods in fifty counties. These demonstration plots are of one or more acres each and are tendered by the land-owner with the approval and co-operation of the county commissioners to be cultivated under the direction of the State agronomist, J. L. Burgess and his assistants. The fifty plots this season is a very considerable increase over the number last season.

The latest report to the horticultural division of the State Department of Agriculture as to the injury to fruit and truck by the late frosts is that the apple crop in the west is still practically uninjured; that peaches the State over are reduced to something like one-third of a crop, with the yield practically eliminated in some localities. Apples in the central and eastern sections are from one-third to one-half crop. Strawberries are very much belated by the cold and in some localities, especially on dark soils beans, potatoes and other truck is seriously frost bitten.

Raleigh and Wake county have a law that requires the filing of sworn statements of campaign expenses both for primaries and general elections. The statements are now being filed for the recent Democratic primary and it appears that James I. Johnson, who defeated J. S. Wynne for mayor, spent only \$23.25 and that Mr. Wynne spent \$150. Time and work and advertising are the items specified.

VISITORS

Here From Germany
and France Inspect-
ing Wysong & Miles
Machinery.

In the city for the purpose of studying the selling methods and the manner in which the machinery of the Wysong & Miles Company is put together are Paul Mandel, of Cologne, and Herman Brenneisen, of Paris, representatives of Alfred H. Schutte, one of the most widely known foreign machinery houses in Germany. This concern sells the patented machinery manufactured by the Wysong & Miles Company along with other American made machinery on which there is a foreign patent, and the representatives are visiting the plants where the machinery handled is manufactured in order that they may become proficient as mechanics. Schutte has agencies in Cologne, Paris, Brussels, Berlin, and also a large agency in New York. M. Mandel and Brenneisen will leave tonight for Chicago.

BRAIN

Deputy Sheriff Says Mc-
Manigal Will Furnish
Evidence Against
Dynamiters.

Special to Telegram.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 27.—Ortiz McManigal, who confessed to the dynamiting of the Llewellyn Iron Works, will turn state's evidence, according to a statement made by Deputy Sheriff Robert Brain. Brain says that the prisoner voluntarily confessed.

Mrs. D. N. Ingersoll today positively identified James B. McNamara as the man who lived at her house in San Francisco under the name of J. B. Brice, prior to the Los Angeles explosion.

MEMBERSHIP OF HOUSE TO BE INCREASED

Special to Telegram.

Washington, April 27.—By a strict party vote of 178 to 99 the House today passed the representation relax apportionment bill, increasing the membership of the House from 391 to 433. The new apportionment is based on the population as shown by the recent census, the ratio of representation being one member for each 211,000 inhabitants.

Former Speaker Cannon and Representative Crumpacker of Indiana, led an unsuccessful fight to restrict the membership in the future to 430 and have the apportionment made by the secretary of commerce and labor.

Were Married Yesterday.

Yesterday afternoon Elder O. J. Deny officiated at the marriage of Miss Lucile V. Warren and Wm. D. Wall. The contracting parties live near the Battle Ground.

PLAINTIFF WINS DAMAGE SUIT IN SUPERIOR COURT

All of yesterday in Superior court was taken up with the trial of the case of Effie May and Joseph L. May vs. Western Union Telegraph Company, the suit being to recover damages in the sum of \$2,000 for each of the plaintiffs for mental and physical anguish caused by the action of the defendant in planting poles near the home of the plaintiffs after being forbidden to do so. The case will go to the jury late this afternoon.

Yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock the jury in the case of Hardwood Man-

ufacturing Company vs. North Carolina Railroad Company returned a verdict awarding the plaintiff \$3,000 damages.

It is more probable that an appeal will be taken. The plaintiff was seek-

ing to recover \$20,000 damages, alleging

that the plant of the Hardwood Man-

ufacturing Company was destroyed by

fire as a result of negligence by the de-

fendant company. The case has been

in progress since last Saturday.

TAFT TELLS EDITORS
OF RECIPROCITY FIGHT.

New York, April 27.—In responding to a toast at the banquet of the Associated Press and American Newspaper Publishers' in the Waldorf Astoria tonight President Taft said: "I thank you for including the real President of the United States in your toast," and the entire assemblage with raised glasses arose and paid tribute to the First lady of the Land, who was seated in the balcony. Mrs. Taft smiled her acknowledgement. In the course of his speech President Taft said "I desire to express my appreciation of the way in which the present House of Representatives has treated the reciprocity matter. It has not played politics and I hope the Senate will treat it in the same manner."

NEW LODGE ODD FELLOWS INSTITUTED AT WHITE OAK

Anniversary of Founding of Order Fittingly
Celebrated Wednesday Night—26 Charter
Members—New Officers.

The anniversary of the birth of the great Order of Odd Fellows in America was fittingly celebrated by Golden Rod Lodge No. 219 Wednesday at their lodge rooms at Proximity mill village. The occasion was the institution of a new lodge of Odd Fellows which will be located at White Oak Mills and will be known as Anniversary Lodge, I. O. O. F., No. 365. As the White Oak lodge hall was not quite ready the ceremonies were held in the hall of Golden Rod Lodge.

Thomas Gardner, N. G. W. V. Trolling, V. G. W. H. Beckham, R. S. F. L. Saunders, F. S. John W. Holt, Treasurer.

After the officers of the new lodge were installed the members and visitors were present and the degree work was greatly enjoyed. The team of Golden Rod Lodge ranks at the top among the teams of North Carolina. A prize having been offered by J. W. Mills, who is one of the enthusiastic Odd Fellows of the village, for the best performer in each degree, the boys were all on their mettle. After the four degrees had been conferred the judges announced the following winners:

Initiatory degree, James Laughters; first degree, S. E. Mays; second degree, Thomas Bangle; third degree, Charles Scott.

The general work of the various teams was of such high order that the judges recommended each member as worthy of honorable mention. No ritual was allowed in the room during the conferring of degrees. After the conferring of the degrees on the 26 new members that were to compose the new White Oak lodge the work of instituting the new

lodge was taken up. This work was done by Theodore Bunting, district deputy grand master, assisted by the members of Golden Rod lodge. After these ceremonies were completed the following officers were installed to serve for the ensuing year:

Thomas Gardner, N. G. W. V. Trolling, V. G. W. H. Beckham, R. S. F. L. Saunders, F. S. John W. Holt, Treasurer.

Two hundred members and visitors were present and the degree work was greatly enjoyed. The team of Golden Rod Lodge ranks at the top among the teams of North Carolina. A prize having been offered by J. W. Mills, who is one of the enthusiastic Odd Fellows of the village, for the best performer in each degree, the boys were all on their mettle. After the four degrees had been conferred the judges announced the following winners:

Initiatory degree, James Laughters; first degree, S. E. Mays; second degree, Thomas Bangle; third degree, Charles Scott.

The following were present from Greensboro: Messrs. Stone, Thacker, Aiken, Maxwell and several others from Buena Vista, No. 21, and from Greensboro, No. 184, Messrs. Lewis, Moose, Wolfe and others.

The present officers of Golden Rod Lodge, No. 219 are: George Searcy, N. G.; John Stafford, V. G.; James Laughters, R. S.; S. R. Hunter, F. S.; R. H. Inman, Treasurer.

Greensboro won track meet over High Point.

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**STEEL TRUST BLUFF FAILED TO
WORK.**

On April 19th a story was sent out from Birmingham to the effect that work had been suspended on the construction of the four-million-dollar plant of the American Steel and Wire Company at Corey, near that city. It was stated that the suspension was due to summary orders from New York. On April 20th Bunker Webb Crawford of Birmingham issued an interview to the newspapers in which he stated that he had gathered from an interview with an official of the steel trust that suspension of work on the Corey plant was due to the fact that wire had been placed on the free list in the pending tariff legislation advocated by the Democrats in Congress.

This was followed the next day by a speech on the floor of the House by Congressman Oscar Underwood, who hails from Birmingham and represents that district in Congress. Congressman Underwood stated that the steel trust had more than once tried to coerce him and to change his views of tariff issues, but said that he proposed to stand pat on the tariff issue and that he and his Democratic colleagues would force the free list through the House regardless of the attitude or action of the steel trust.

On April 25th work was resumed at Corey by direct order from New York and it is stated in Birmingham that the order is that work on the mammoth new mill be pushed to completion as rapidly as possible. On the same day steel trust officials, notably Mr. Gary, denied that the concern had any intention of trying to coerce Mr. Underwood and further stated that tariff legislation had nothing to do with the suspension of work on the Corey plant.

This is the record of the interruption of work on the great wire mill near Birmingham. If the statements of the steel trust officials are to be accepted at the face value it is somewhat difficult to understand why work should have been suspended at Corey for but one week. There may be a reason other than that assigned by Bunker Crawford and generally accepted by the public as the real reason for the suspension of work, but it will require more explanation on the part of the steel trust officials to convince the public. It looks like a case in which the trust undertook to make a bluff and was called down. Congressman Underwood's attitude was firm and unshaken and that of his Democratic colleagues indicated very clearly that they composed altogether a determined band of men who would stand pat on their declaration that the tariff must be lowered and that the wire schedule must be included in the revision. Seeing that nothing was to be gained in that direction, the steel trust probably concluded it would be best not to try to brave public condemnation and delay the construction of a mill needed in their business and which can be operated at a profit with wire on the free list; and, therefore, the order to resume construction work.

Building Up the Farms.

The Federal Government, the State and the railroads are making plans on a broad scale to aid the Southern farmer in increasing the fertility of his lands and the yield of his crops. For many years the late Dr. Samuel Knapp carried on experimental work and sowed the seeds that some day will yield a rich harvest to the Southern planter. He lived to see his disciples numbered by the thousand, and the people to whom he had devoted so large a part of his life show their appreciation of his work.

Intensive culture has proved a complete success, even on the poorest South Carolina sand hills. Thomas Hitchcock, Jr., turned over to the Government experts his 6,000-acre estate near Aiken, S. C., and put up the money for experimental work. Ira W. Williams, Dr. A. G. Smith and their assistants in three years have made this supposedly worthless land produce better crops than the rich acres in other sections. They believe you can make this sandy soil grow 40 to 50 bushels of corn, a bale or more

of cotton or two tons of cowpea hay to the acre. There are said to be about 7,000 square miles of this soil in South Carolina alone and millions of acres in Georgia, Alabama, North Carolina, Florida, and neighboring States.

Mr. Williams has had charge of the "corn clubs" in South Carolina, and it was a South Carolina boy, Jerry Moore, of Winona, 15 years old, who won the prize over all American farmers for producing the largest amount of corn on an acre last year. In North Carolina this year more than 1,400 boys are enrolled in the corn clubs, though they have been organized very recently. Four thousand Georgia boys have joined the clubs and are in the race for corn production. There are more than 100 of these clubs in Georgia, and the Atlanta Journal points out that "each of them will be a little model experiment farm, for the boys work in accordance with methods outlined by the State and Government experts."

The Southern railroads have been far behind the Western roads in colonization work, attracting settlers and aiding those who live along their lines; but they are now planning a nation-wide campaign to advertise the South's advantages and bring settlers in by the thousand. The Southern Railway will, beginning May 1, commence the operation of a "good roads train," equipped with machinery and manned by experts, to teach practical road building to the towns and counties along its route. Starting from Mobile May 1, it will first cover Alabama and from there will proceed through other States. A tour of five months is planned, the longest continuous campaign of road building ever conducted by a railroad. The Southern officials hold that nothing helps the farmer more than good roads, and every smooth highway is a feeder to the railroad. The Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic Railroad has established a demonstration farm at Byromville, Ga., where experiments in truck farming and soil development are conducted. Farmers will be aided by experts in building up their soil and will be shown to grow and handle crops for market.

Virginia will soon have in operation a number of schools that will teach modern methods of farming, and this is part of a general movement to bring the school in closer touch with the farm. North Carolina is working along the same line.

In truck farming and grain raising Maryland is, probably, more advanced than most of the other Southern States, and the special trains that have carried the agricultural evangelists from one of the State to the other have produced lasting results. Our State Experiment Station and the Maryland Agricultural College stand in the front rank. But more experiment farms are needed, and the organization of corn clubs, the offer of prizes for the raising of fruits and vegetables, to be exhibited here during "Maryland Week" and at the various county fairs, will stimulate competition and excite a wholesome rivalry that will enlist the interest of the young farmers in every county.—Baltimore Sun.

Let's After The Fly.

There's solid reason in the old adage "a stitch in time saves nine," and there is argument for the reason that a fly at this time makes nine, and many times more than nine. A flyless summer is a boon to be desired outside of the fact that the fly is conceded to be the greatest disease spreader whom we invite freely into our homes and to our tables.

That the housefly is taken seriously nowadays is because of the advance in knowledge of health. Time was when all the thought of the fly was that he was a pesky intruder, who insisted on holding a skating carnival on the cold plate, who dragged his legs through the butter, took a bath in the milk pitcher, and ended his days in the molasses jug. Beyond these temporary inconveniences the fly was looked upon as a harmless insect nuisance even when it was necessary to swat him many times for his insistent attempts to rub his feet on the nose.

It is pretty well understood now that flies are something more than a mere pest, that is really they are carriers of and breeders of disease, and that it is an imperative duty to fight them with a never-ceasing vigilance. The problem is how to do this most effectively, and to the solving of this problem the best sanitary thought of the country is being directed. In many cities the anti-fly campaign goes on vigorously as the summer and fly time approaches. In these there is diligent search for fly centers and the work is then to put these places in such condition that the health of the community will not be put in jeopardy.

The ordinary housefly is the conveyor of typhoid fever recognized so by the medical profession. But not alone does he scatter typhoid in his wake, but he is a distributing medium for tuberculosis, germs, for malaria and for various intestinal diseases. He is an active agent and he has no favorites. He makes at home in the palaces at the great and in the cottages of the humble. He flies where he will and in his wake there is a path of disease. The campaign against him and his tribe is a campaign for health, and to be successful it must be a vigorous campaign.

The fly delights in filth. Therefore the campaign against him is a campaign for cleanliness. That is why "clean up day" should come early in every city and in every home. By nature the fly is a "muck raker" and if muck is not to be found then the fly takes his farewell. It is the call of self-preservation to end the activity of the fly, and in the campaign there is needed not alone the vigilance of paid health officers, but also the active cooperation of every householder and of every store-keeper and of every one who finds that flies are making a rendezvous of his place.

The food centers of a city are usually the headquarters of the fly. In these places there can be effective work done for his annihilation and the public holds the key to the situation. If it is an insistent public, a public that wants health it will demand clean market places and clean stores, it will not patronize places where the fly is found in his revels. Put the matter up to the butcher in the market and when he sees that you and your trade are disappearing he will take measures to kick out the fly. He does not choose the fly by preference, but because the purchasers of his offerings permit him to do so. In Raleigh and in other cities the market house officials should get busy and should have regulations that will drive out the flies. There is no use in saying it can't be done, for it has been done in other cities.

In this campaign against the fly other breeding places against them should not be overlooked. These places are the stables of a city, for there the flies congregate as a moving army, and when they move out by companies and regiments and brigades they leave a trail of devastation to mark their passage. Whenever filth is to be found there is to be found the fly, and every precaution should be taken to rid a city of these filth spots. It is possible to rob the n of their danger and no body of officials is performing its duty when it lets them continue to exist. Ending such danger spots means a reduction of the death rate.

And at the home there should be the greatest precaution taken against the fly. The premises should be kept scrupulously clean. The windows should be screened. Unless this is so comes the fly, bringing disease microbes on his spongy feet. Covered with filth and germs he walks over the food on the table. He stands on the lump of sugar and wipes his feet. Thus he deposits disease germs and the sugar you use carries the poison into your system. Here and there he goes and with him disease goes. There is sickness in the home and you wonder at the cause. Behold the fly that has free access, that wipes his feet on the food you eat, that repeats the process on the lips and faces of your sleeping children. Therefore, beware of the fly, keep your premises clean, screen your homes, be one in the campaign for clean food centers and for clean stables. Make yourself an active force to end the dangers that come with fly-time.—Raleigh News and Observer.

Judgment Should Be Suspended.

The country should suspend judgment in the matter of the arrest of John J. McNamara and others charged with being implicated in wrecking the property of the Los Angeles Times with dynamite until the facts become known. The arrest of a particular man on the charge of having committed a crime does not of itself prove that he is the man who did it. Even in cases where circumstances have at first seemed to point unerringly to such men as the guilty parties time has frequently shown them to be entirely innocent. It is well, therefore, to adopt the theory of the law, that every man is innocent until proved guilty, and wait until the evidence is all in before forming a conclusion.

The destruction by dynamite of the Times building, in which a large number of people were at work, was one of the most atrocious crimes ever committed in this country, and every sane man will hope to see the persons guilty of it hunted down and punished. But he will also hope that when the guilty parties are finally discovered it will be found that the number engaged in the crime was small; that it was not part of a widespread conspiracy, and that organized labor was in no way concerned in it.

The idea that finds lodgment in some quarters that the labor unions as such are implicated in the matter will be combated by most of the right-thinking people of the country. There may be organizations of laboring men somewhere founded upon the theory that force will finally social and industrial wrongs and inequities, but that idea does not obtain among laboring people generally. Some of their organizations are of such high-class membership and have been conducted upon lines of fairness and judgment that their usefulness is now undisputed among those who have constant contact with them, and these will meet the intimation that they, as organizations, could be parties to such acts of lawlessness as the Los Angeles affair with instant and emphatic denial.

It is not fair to assume the guilt of anyone before the evidence is heard. Some person or persons, however, committed the Los Angeles crime and others of a similar nature, and the criminals,

whoever they are and whatever their connections, should be hunted down relentlessly, if it takes a score of years to do it. And the labor unions owe it to themselves and to the country of which they are citizens to join in this pursuit and actively aid in the effort to bring the criminals to justice.—Baltimore Sun.

Asking for "Small Change"

(By CARA REESE.)
That's what you get for asking for small change." It is a reflection on his pocketbook. You are rightfully rebuffed with "have none."

The next time ask for a million. You will be granted a hearing then. "Small change" is belittling to the dignity. Very few men carry "small change." It is their policy to hand out banknotes for the ordinary transactions of life. They rarely fish out a nickel for car fare without a hangdog look or with a half a kug of silver and gold coin to keep the bather piece company. There is an ingrained contempt for the "small change." You make your mistake by classifying your wants in the "small-change" category. You have wounded his feelings by petitioning on a meager scale.

This is why the front door has closed so abruptly. Ask largely the next time, a million as the least consideration.

Now dry your eyes, the fault is all yours own.

If there be one thing a man detests more than another in his womankind it is tendencies toward smallness, skimping, sacrifice, all that sort of thing. "Small change?" Come, that is about the limit. The next thing you will be coaxing for two pennies with which to purchase postage. He will see a lawyer then. It does not do to rub in too much in the way of littleness. A man's nature is broad, expansive and suggestive of the "side of a house." "Small change?" He will hold a grinch all day over your puny finances.

Women are very sensitive, as a rule,

and many feel slighted when nothing

was meant at all. A smile will make them happy, a sharp or frown utterly miserable. They long for help and protection, and when, through thoughtlessness, maybe, that assistance is not forthcoming from their partner, a pang goes right through their very hearts that would startle and shame the man could he only know it.

Consideration smooths a wife's way

for her when her husband comes home

at night, and she meets him tired and

worn out with the cares and burdens of

the day; a kind word will cheer and

comfort her as nothing else can. She is

better pleased to hear him praise a

good supper or notice how spotlessly

clean the house looks, than if he had

brought her a hat or present.

The man who makes the best husband

has a temper calculated to bear

the wear and tear of everyday life.

He does not fly in a temper at little things,

or vent his rage at things that no-

body on earth can help.

The man who makes a good husband

is not lazy or idle. He doesn't prefer to

sit with his hands in his pockets, doing

nothing, when his family are in want of

daily bread. He will be making an ef-

fort to obtain some new employment.

He will study his wife's interests in

every way, and be ready to shield her

from harm. If husbands had any idea

how their wives like to be "taken care"

of and looked after, they would make

a study of this practice much more than

is usually the case.

Women are very sensitive, as a rule,

and many feel slighted when nothing

was meant at all. A smile will make

them happy, a sharp or frown utterly

miserable. They long for help and

protection, and when, through thought-

lessness, maybe, that assistance is not

forthcoming from their partner, a pang

goes right through their very hearts

that would startle and shame the man

could he only know it.

Consideration smooths a wife's way

for her when her husband comes home

at night, and she meets him tired and

worn out with the cares and burdens of

the day; a kind word will cheer and

comfort her as nothing else can. She is

better pleased to hear him praise a

good supper or notice how spotlessly

clean the house looks, than if he had

brought her a hat or present.

The man who makes the best husband

has a temper calculated to bear

the wear and tear of everyday life.

He does not fly in a temper at little things,

or vent his rage at things that no-

body on earth can help.

The man who makes a good husband

is not lazy or idle. He doesn't prefer to

sit with his hands in his pockets, doing

nothing, when his family are in want of

daily bread. He will be making an ef-

fort to obtain some new employment.

He will study his wife's interests in

every way, and be ready to shield her

from harm. If husbands had any idea

how their wives like to be "taken care"

ICE CREAM IS HEALTHY

Pure Ice Cream is the kind of ice cream you get at our store. This is the kind you should have because it is healthy.

Our ice cream is smooth and delicately flavored. Whatever other good thing might be said of it the main point we want to impress upon you is, that our ice cream is a superior product that will delight you and your friends. Delivered anywhere in the city by the Pint, Quart or Gallon. Also at the fountain. ::::

ICE CREAM CONES
5c at the Fountain.

FARISS-KLUTZ
Drug Company

The Store That Appreciates Your Business.

PUTTING ON RUBBER TIRES IS A BUSINESS IN ITSELF



They must hug the channels so that a quick turn will not pull them off, yet loose enough to give a bit to prevent rim wear. We have the proper equipment, the necessary knowledge and the most serviceable tires. The GOOD-RICH TIRES, known the world over for their lasting qualities. Start the season right with tires you are sure of.

We repair and repair any and everything about a vehicle.

Oettinger Buggy Comp'y

Greene Street and Bellemade Avenue
PHONE 243.

**AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK
GREENSBORO N.C.**

SAVING MONEY

Every person who has an income should manage their financial affairs in such a way as to be able to deposit a portion of his income in a savings account where the money will earn interest and be positively safe. Once the habit is formed, it becomes easy and agreeable to save money. This bank pays interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compounded four times a year.

Accounts subject to check also invited.

**CAPITAL - \$300,000,000
RESOURCES \$1,350,000,000**

The Commercial National Bank

Will pay you 4 per cent on your money if deposited April 1st.

Why Not Open an Account?

F. B. RICKS, Pres. E. J. STAF FORD, V. P. F. C. BOYLES, Cash.
I. F. PEEBLES, Asst. Cash.

It Means Security

Remember that money received by the

The Greensboro Loan & Trust Co.

in trust, is invested in high grade securities.

All such investments are at the sole risk of the Company. If there are any losses the entire capital stock of the Company, all its property and effects, under the law, are absolutely liable. There can be no risk for you.

J. W. FRY, President.

W. E. ALLEN, Treasurer.

PROMISING PITCHERS OF 1911 IN BIG LEAGUES

Nearly every year some hitherto unknown and unheard of young pitcher rises to fame in the big league baseball arena. Almost without exception every season in the past has produced at least one sensational pitching star. Last year King Cole, of the Cubs, made his appearance and gained a place in the first ranks by his phenomenal work on the mound. Harry Krause, the young southpaw corralled by Connie Mack in 1909, gained an enviable reputation by his brilliant work that year, and so the record of each year shows names of pitchers who have had a sudden rise to fame. Often their stay on the favored pedestal is very brief, though there are exceptions. Grause was a sensation for only one season. Whether Cole can continue to pitch the brand of ball he did last season is, of course, a matter of conjecture.

Few of the many recruit pitchers signed each year by major league clubs live up to the glowing reputations credited to them. The majority are usually relegated to the minor leagues from which they came. A pitcher does not always show his true ability during his first year in the big league. It sometimes takes him several years to develop into a star. A notable instance of this kind is Otis Crandall, the Giant boxman. Before last season he was not regarded as possessing more than ordinary ability. Manager McGraw alone seemed to think well of his work on the mound and gave him every chance to make good. Next to Cole, Crandall's showing was the most surprising feature of last season.

Among the promising young pitchers in this year's crop are Lefty Russell, of the Athletics; Harry Ables, Ray Caldwell and Ray Fisher, of the Yankees; Vean Gregg of the Clevelands, Ray Collins of the Boston Red Sox, Louis Drucke and Dick Rudolph of the Giants, Hearn of the St. Louis Cardinals, Weaver of the Chicago Cubs, and Stack of the Phillies. Of this number the three that stand out most prominently, according to past performances, are all southpaws. They are Russell, Ables and Gregg. Russell was secured by Connie Mack from the Baltimore Easterns League club at a reported price of \$12,000, said to be the largest sum ever paid for the services of a ball-player. He is regarded as the most wonderful pitcher developed in recent years. He is a young fellow, just having reached his majority, and began his baseball career at Baltimore with a school team in 1907. Last year Russell won thirteen and lost seven games for the Baltimore team. He did not allow more than seven hits in any game.

Harry Ables, the Yankee recruit, also has a splendid minor league record. He was secured by the New York club from San Antonio team of the Texas League. He is over six feet in height, of splendid build and remarkable strength. Last year Ables, according to statistics fanned 325 men, in 320 innings. One game against Dallas the young Texan fanned nineteen men and allowed only two hits in fourteen innings. In another game last August, he fanned fifteen Dallas players, striking out the first ten men who faced him. During the spring practice games Ables gave every evidence of being capable to maintain this form in the big circuit.

Vean Gregg, the Cleveland's pitching hope, hails from the Pacific coast. The baseball critics of the far east look upon him as the greatest left-handed pitcher ever turned out of the northwest. He is only a big, raw, inexperienced youth, but has struck fear into the hearts of the ex-big league sluggers who had made batting reputations against the best pitchers in the world. Gregg was born twenty-one years ago in the little town of Clarkson, Wash. He first gained prominence with the semiprofessional teams of his home town. Three years ago he left Clarkson and went to Idaho, where he pitched for an independent team. At the end of the season he was signed by the Spokane club and from there went to Portland. With that team last season he struck out 364 batters in 362 2-3 innings. That is more than one man an inning, or an average of nine men each regular game.

Ray Fisher, another of the Yankee hopefuls, played in the Eastern League last year. He is still in need of big league experience, but Manager Chase believes in time he will be a leading star. His chief requisite is speed. He is said to throw a ball every bit as fast as Walter Johnson, the speed king of the American League.

The Giants possess two embryo stars in Drucke and Rudolph. The former has already served a year in fast company, but has been rapidly improving and is not yet in his prime. Rudolph is a New York boy, having been born and reared in the Bronx. He gained considerable prominence with Toronto club of Eastern League and Manager McGraw was much impressed with his work in the South on the recent training trip.

Ray Collins, the Boston twirler, is another youngster who has already had a

Friday Bargain Day DOUBLE TRADING STAMPS UNTIL NOON

A Great Assortment of Friday Bargains

MAIN FLOOR BARGAINS FOR FRIDAY.

Best grade of 15c. long cloth in 2 to 10 yard lengths for 10c.

Mercerized madras in broadcapes, both large and small figures, basket weave, fancy Rep, sold for 25 and 29c., reduced to 12 1-2c.

Persian Lawn, 30 in. wide, regular 10c. quality, reduced to 6 1-2c.

Pure Linen Robes in sky, brown, rose, grey, tan, white grounds printed in colors, containing 5 yards of 54 inch. Linen Rannie, cost \$5.00 to import, choice 98c.

30 and 36 inch. Japanese Kimono Silks, sold for 50 and 59c., choice 39c.

Foulard Silks, sold for 75c., reduced to 39c.

25 pieces dress goods, sold for \$1 and \$1.25 in silk and wool Aeolians in many colors Marquise voile in black and colors, both plain and fancy, choice, 49c.

27 inch. diagonal pongee silk in navy, gray, wisteria and green, sold for \$1.50 yard, for 49c.

1 piece sky messaline, with brocade dot, 19 inch wide, sold for \$1.00, for 49c.

Big lot Foulard silks, sold up to \$1.00 yard, choice 69c.

Beautiful half silk materials printed in Foulard designs, 29c. value for 22c. yard.

50 pieces fancy ribbons, sold for 25 and 29c., choice 19c. yard.

King one piece collar buttons, assort- ed styles, worth 5c. each, on sale 12 for 5c.

Men's Silk Ties in new patterns, 25c. value for 15c.

Men's soft collars all sizes, 15c.

Ladies' black Onyx hose in medium and light weight, all sizes, 50c. value for 36c.

Ladies' long lisle black gloves, sold for 98c., for 50c.

The United States has achieved a record in the other direction by building the smallest aerial cruiser now in existence. This is the Baldwin, which has a capacity of 20,000 feet only.

This is 4,000 less than the little Wil- lows, which created such a sensation last August by appearing unexpectedly over London, having flown from Car- diff during the night.—Pearson's Weekly.

WORKED TOO HARD.

Why David Graham Phillips Once Lost a Situation.

People who thought that the late David Graham Phillips had a rapid, fluent and even at times overhasty pen were very far from the truth, says writer in the Bookman. Mr. Phillips himself admitted freely that from first to last he always found literary composition a labor—a labor of love that he could not have shirked if he would, but none the less a labor.

A story which he sometimes told at his own expense illustrates this. It was shortly after his graduation from Princeton that he sought work as a reporter and finally by offering his services for nothing obtained a chance to show what he could do on the lead- ing daily in a western city.

The weather was cold and the tem- perature of the office somewhere be- low 60 degrees, yet hour after hour Mr. Phillips would sit at his desk with the moisture rolling from his brow in the anguish of trying to make literature from such material as "Yester- day afternoon John Jones fell off a stepladder and dislocated his shoul- der."

One day—it was the tenth of Mr. Phillips' services—the presiding genius of the paper happened to pass through the city room and stood for some minutes watching him.

"Who is that young man?" he pres- ently asked the city editor.

The latter explained. "Get rid of him!" came the curt edict.

"But," expostulated the city editor. "We are getting him for nothing."

"I don't care," rejoined the higher power. "I don't care if he is paying for the privilege. Get rid of him at once. I can't bear to see any human being work so hard."

The Scream of Ennui.

A dog howls when he is lonely, a cat wauls (the word must be right, for it comes from "eaterwaul") because of some combative or amative impulse, but a parrot screams through sheer boredom. I sometimes think it is the only creature that shares with us that secondary curse which followed our ejection from Eden—ennui. And I know that if Noah fed his animals well and if they had plenty of room for exercise the only creatures who rebelled vocally against the dire fedum of voyage and the creatures who made the most noise, bar none, were the two little forefathers used to ca-

The Preponderance of Evidence.

"Sorry," said the constable, "but I'll have to arrest you. You been drivin' along at the rate of fifty miles an hour."

"You are wrong, my friend," said the driver. "I say I wasn't, and here's a ten dollar bill that says I wasn't."

"All right," returned the constable, pocketing the money. "With eleven to one against me, I ain't goin' to subject the county to the expense of a trial."—Harper's Weekly.

Years and Years.

The music hall artist was visibly annoyed by the "boozing" of a few cockneys in the rear of the theater. Finally she advanced to the footlights and shouted in anger:

"I'll have you know that I appeared before King Edward VII."

And the cockney crew roared back:

"'Ow long before?" —Columbia Jester.

Going the Rounds.

"I see you have a new swivel chair in your office."

"Yes."

"Was not your old arm chair good enough?"

"Well, you see, I believe in rotation in office."—Houston Post.

A Good Filing System

saves the business man no end of time, trouble and vexation, to say nothing of actual loss from being unable to find valuable papers when wanted.

The Shaw-Walker

system of filing cabinets meets every requirement. We'll sell you the cabinets and help you install them.

**Wills Book and
Stationery Co.**
Greensboro, N.C.

The aisle tables on main floor for

Friday will contain thousands of remnants of silks, woolen, linens, ginghams, lawn, flaxon and Repp. These remnants have accumulated from our regular stocks and are offered for the first time Friday. Each piece is marked at a big reduction.

Big lot Belt Pins with large stone, sold for 19c. for 8c.

1 Persian silk traveling bag, with 6 apartments, rubber lined, sold for \$3.98, soiled, \$1.00.

36 in. pure linen waisting sold for 50c., for 39c.

36c. Linen Lawn, 36 inch wide, for 29c.

Real Battenburg lace handkerchiefs sold for 29c., choice 15c.

Big lot ladies' and children's handkerchiefs sold up to 30c., choice 10c.

Many with name, others with initials.

Ladies' 50c. patent leather belts, choice 25c.

Ladies' 25c. patent leather belts, 10c.

Shoe Tie Ribbon, tan, black and white, sold for 15 and 20c., for 10c. yard.

Violet Rice Powder, 15c. value, for 10c.

Colgate's Toilet Water, sold for 25c., for 21c.

1 mission screen, slightly damaged, \$8.00 value for \$5.98.

1 gas chandelier, 14 inch art glass dome, green beaded fringe, value \$9, for \$5.98.

Children's Wash Reefs, sizes 1 to 3 years, value up to \$2.25, for 50c.

Children's Wool Reefs, sizes 3 to 6 years, sold for \$1.25, reduced to 98c.

Children's Muslin Drawers, with H. S. ruffle, 2 to 6 years, slightly mussed, sold for 17c. for 12c.

A few pair of misses' drawers, slightly mussed, sold for 50c., reduced to 39c.

THIRD FLOOR

1 mission screen, slightly damaged, \$8.00 value for \$5.98.

1 gas chandelier, 14 inch art glass dome, green beaded fringe, value \$9, for \$5.98.

1 marble pedestal, with Italian marble bust, value \$20.00, for \$10.00.

Choice of 12 20x24 framed pictures genuine carbons, copies of original paintings, value \$3.50, for \$2.49.

25 30x33 Fibre Rugs, value \$2.00, \$1.69 each.

50 pairs net curtains, ecru and white, value \$2.00, \$1.69 pair.

Want and Real Estate Department

Classified ads one cent a word each insertion. No ads taken for less than twenty-five cents for first insertion. Situation Wanted ads free one time.

WANTED.

WANTED—TO TRADE A GOOD SECOND hand side spring newly painted buggy for a light two-seated second-hand rig. Write at once. C. E. M. Raper, Reidsville, N. C. 4-28-1t

WANTED—TO BORROW MONEY IN amounts of \$100 to \$500 on first mortgage securities. Will pay 8 per cent interest per annum. Address box 42, Greensboro, N. C. 3-9-tf.

MALE HELP.

WANTED—A HUSTLER TO PAINT the town of Greensboro with Skat. A certain sure way to make money. Write Skat, Hartford, Conn. 4-8-13-tf.

WANTED—MEN TO TAKE THIRTY days practical course in our machine shop, learn automobile business and accept good positions. Charlotte Auto School, Charlotte, N. C.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST OR STOLEN WHITE BULL pup, tail and ears trimmed. Brown spot in left ear. Reward if returned to Charlie Corl, 210 Mehane street. 4-25-4t*

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—AT A GREAT BARGAIN, \$350 upright piano. Standard make. Call at 317 Walker avenue. 4-26-2t.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN ONE SECOND-hand delivery wagon. Good shape. Address C. F. Southerland. 4-28-3t

FOR SALE—ALL KINDS OF PARTS for machinery, shafting, pulleys, etc. Southern Junk & Hide Co., S. Davis Street.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

REPAIRING, CLEANING AND PRESSING. Economy Pressing Club, 607 So. Elm street. Phone No. 350. 4-28-3t

AMOOR RIVER PRIVETT, THE great southern hedge plant. Time to plant. Order while we have our present supply of extra fine plants. John A. Young & Sons, Greensboro Nurseries. 3-23, e.o.d. tf.

ANYTHING IN NEW AND SECOND-hand furniture at 607 South Elm St. B. W. Terrell. 4-28-3t

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—MANSE OF ALAMANCE church—3 or 4 acres land, phone. Six miles from Greensboro. Apply to R. A. Gilmer, No. 512 Asheboro street. 4-22-6t*

JEWELEERS.

J. B. ELLINGTON IS STILL SELLING good, honest jewelry at low prices; bring him all of your old gold and silver and he will give you new goods for it. His repairing is the best that can be had. All work guaranteed. 103 West Market street.

FOR WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING you want to go to the least expensive place where the work is guaranteed and that's Peggs. Let Peggs do the work and you will have no complaint either as to price or as to service. 337 South Elm is the place.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WE BUY EVERYTHING. WE SELL everything. Southern Junk and Hide Co.

HEAVY HAULING. IF YOU HAVE anything heavy you want moved or hauled a distance, get our prices. Horse or steam power. Glenn Bros., 334 E. McCulloch street. Phone 1053. tf

What to Do When You Have Something for Sale

The first thing is to find a buyer—some one who is looking for just the article which you are offering. The quickest and easiest way to find the buyer is to

Try a Want Ad in The Greensboro Telegram

People have learned that it is no longer necessary to make a house to house canvass to dispose of their wares for a want ad will do the work and it does it cheaply.

For the Paltry Sum of Twenty-Five Cents

You can dispose of anything that is saleable. You can reach more than ten thousand pairs of eyes for less than the cost of ten letters.

For Sale

Stovewood, split or in blocks, delivered at \$1 per load. Order trial load and see how much good wood you get. Cord wood all kinds at \$3 per cord. W. F. Clarida, Phone 1404.

HEALTH and ACCIDENT

We are now representing one of the Leading Health and Accident Insurance Companies.

The special features of our policies are numerous and attractive.

(Premiums suitable to all.) Policies issued in Greensboro.

Let us talk it over with you.

Southern Real Estate Co.
Phone 829. 112 E. Market St.

FOR RENT.

One 7-room modern, Walker Ave. 20.00

One 8-room modern, East Gaston. 20.00

One 6-room modern house on Lyndon street. \$15.00

One 7-room modern house on S. Greene St. 30.00

One 8-room modern house on Rankin St. 20.00

One 6-room house with city water and sewer on Walker ave. 10.00

One 5-room cottage, with city water and sewer on S. Cedar St. 8.00

One 5-room cottage on Forest Ave. 6.00

One 5-room cottage on Wharton Street. 4.00

One 4-room cottage on Wharton Street. 3.00

BROWN REAL ESTATE CO.

INSURANCE
FOR WANT AD & PUBLICATION
SELL IT TO
GUILFORD INSURANCE & REALESTATE
CO.

MANAGERS:

O. W. Carr & Co., Greensboro Loan & Trust Co., Insurance Dept., Dixie Fire Insurance Co., Local Agency Dept.

G. W. PATTERSON, President.
J. W. FRY, Vice-President.
O. L. GRUBBS, Secretary.

H. R. BUSH, Mem. Board Directors.
Office: First floor Greensboro Loan & Trust Building.

Phone 812.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR PARDON.

Application will be made to the Governor of North Carolina for the pardon of Joe Andrews convicted of larceny in the August 1910 term of the Guilford county court and sentenced to the work house for one year. All persons who may wish to oppose the granting of said pardon are invited to forward their protests to the Governor at once.

MRS. ALICE ANDREWS.

APPLICATION FOR PARDON OF ARTHUR HUNTERY.

Application will be made to the Governor of North Carolina for the pardon of Arthur Huntley, convicted at the April term, 1911, of the Superior Court of Guilford County, of the crime of robbery, and sentenced to the county roads for a term of six months. All persons who oppose the granting of said pardon are invited to forward their protests to the Governor.

This, April the 19th, 1911.

ARTHUR HUNTERY,
By DAVID STERN,
Attorney.

WE BUY EVERYTHING. WE SELL everything. Southern Junk and Hide Co.

HEAVY HAULING. IF YOU HAVE anything heavy you want moved or hauled a distance, get our prices. Horse or steam power. Glenn Bros., 334 E. McCulloch street. Phone 1053. tf

Pillow Finish.
The smartest and easiest finish for decorative pillows is made by cutting the cover two inches and a quarter larger on all sides than the pillow. Have two pieces the same size and turn in a quarter of an inch all around.

Sew the two pieces together back to back, putting the line of sewing on the edge, leaving an opening on one side for the pillow. Now run an inner square to form two inch border to the cover. If the pillow is not well stuffed it will be necessary to make this square an inch or an inch and a half smaller than the pillow to give it fullness.

The inner square may have the stitching turned in sharp corners, but an easier way and holding the material firmer is to run the lines from edge to edge of cover in each direction, forming small stitched squares at the four corners.

Pass Along the Cheer.
How often you have enjoyed a short story in some magazine or periodical and wished you might keep it or have some one else enjoy it! Most people have had this experience.

Well, here is an idea to keep the story and pass along a bit of holiday cheer as well.

You may easily remove the story from the magazine by carefully clipping the pages or loosening the wire arrangement which holds the pages together. Next thing to do is to get some booklet paper and bind your story.

Dainty lettering of the title on the cover will add to the attractiveness, or you can punch little holes in the paper and tie the whole thing together with fancy ribbon or silk cords.

This makes a thoughtful, charming, yet most inexpensive gift, and one that is pretty sure to give the recipient some happy moments.

To Clean Floors.
While turpentine and linseed oil mixed together in equal quantities make an excellent cleanser for floors, a better treatment when the floor is dirty is to remove the dirt by means of a rag wet with turpentine, afterward applying the linseed oil. This oil should be allowed to remain for a week or more before the floor is polished. Then the boards can be kept in good condition by applying a mixture of turpentine and linseed oil.

Men are misters; women are mysteries.

Your Guess Worth \$2.50
Guess the name of the goose that we had in the Greensboro Drug Co.'s window at Easter and get \$2.50 in gold. Give the guesses to the Greensboro Drug Co. Goose Grease Co.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, Department of State.

Certificate of Dissolution.

To all whom these presents may come—

Greeting:

WHEREAS, It appears to my satisfaction, by duly authenticated record of the proceedings for the voluntary dissolution thereof by unanimous consent of all the stockholders, deposited in my office that The Lassiter Land & Lumber Company, a corporation of this State, whose principal office is situated at No. 205 South Elm street, in the City of Greensboro, County of Guilford, State of North Carolina, (F. B. Ricks being the agent therein and in charge thereof, upon whom process may be served,) has complied with the requirements of Chapter 21, Revision of 1905, entitled "Corporations", preliminary to the dissolution of said corporation, and that said consent and the record of the proceedings aforesaid are now on file in my said office as provided by law.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, J. Bryan Grimes, Secretary of State of the State of North Carolina, do hereby certify that said corporation did, on the 25th day of April, 1911, file in my office a duly executed and attested consent in writing to the dissolution of said corporation, executed by all the stockholders thereof, which said consent and the record of the proceedings aforesaid are now on file in my said office as provided by law.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereto set my hand and affixed my official seal, at Raleigh, this 25th day of April, A. D. 1911.

J. BRYAN GRIMES,
Secretary of State.

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DAILY MARKET REPORTS

Cotton Letter to J. E. Latham.

New York, April 27.—The cotton market was restless today. Reports from the South most concerning the weather were conflicting and although the Gulf storm did not make as much progress eastward as expected, there were sufficient rains in that section to cause nervousness among new crop shorts. Readers of the map predict that the gulf storm would move up the central valley and out of the country over the St. Lawrence, its course having been deflected by a high area on the Atlantic coast.

Prices moved up and down rapidly early, but in the afternoon gradually declined when it became apparent the situation in Texas was not as serious as at first anticipated.

Planting will be further delayed. Realizing in considerable volume carried prices down sharply when word was received from private sources that the storm was shifting. Private cables attributed the early advance in Liverpool to bull support and covering and said local and continental operators were reversing straddles by selling the old and buying the new crop months. Later the market eased. Not a little apprehension is being caused over the condition of the dry goods trade. Spinners say they cannot work their mills and make a satisfactory profit in the finished goods market if they pay prevailing rates for the raw.

It is said spot cotton in New York is of unusually high grades, of 140,000 bales in stock 60 per cent is middling and above.

acreage increased 4 to 5 per cent.

South Carolina—About 50 per cent planted acreage increased small.

Georgia—Retarded by rains acreage increase 3 to 4 per cent.

Alabama—Small acreage increase, some delay by rains.

Louisiana—Acreage increase 6 to 7 per cent, about 40 per cent already planted.

Texas—Acreage increase 3 to 4 per cent, weather too cold, about 40 per cent planted.

Oklahoma—Substantial increase acreage, very little planted thus far.

Chicago Board of Trade Closing Prices.

May. July. Sept.

Wheat 90 1/4 86 1/2 86 1/2

Corn 51 1/2 52 1/2 53

Oats 31 1/2 31 1/2 31 1/2

Pork 15.50 14.97 14.65

Lard 8.05 8.15 8.25

Ribs 8.17 8.12 8.02

Liverpool Cotton Close.

April 7.97

April-May 7.91 1/2

May-June 7.88

June-July 7.81

July-August 7.75

August-September 7.52 1/2

September-October 7.17

October-November 7.00

November-December 6.93 1/2

December-January 6.91 1/2</

SHIRT WAISTS
HOUSE DRESSES
AND
MIDDY BLOUSES
Are Our Latest Arrivals—
"Mendel's Make."

J. M. Hendrix & Co.

A COLLEGE GIRL'S DAY.

She breakfasts on a pickle,
And then the custom is
To go and spend a nickel
Upon a glass of fizz.

Along about ten-thirty
She needs some solid fare
And goes with Grace and Gertie
To purchase an eclair.

At twelve on pie she lunches,
And through the afternoon
From time to time she munches
A dainty macaroon.

Her pocketbook she'll pillage.
At dusk and gayly trudge
To purchase in the village
Ingredients for fudge.

At night, with loosened tresses,
It is her dearest wish
To cook up awful dishes
Upon the chafing dish.

And when she's done with brewing
And all the house is dumb
She goes to bed still chewing
Her little wad of gum.

—Kansas City Journal.

Hatpin Nuisance.

It remains.
It makes one blush.
What is the matter with some women?

The safety of one's neighbor is surely sacred.

One may risk one's own life if one desires to.

But only those of the lower orders would risk hurting others.

Usually it happens that those who thus offend are criminally thoughtless and selfish.

Occasionally a woman whose whole life is devoted to kind and generous acts thus thoughtlessly errs.

Hatpins are easily cut off and sharpened, and they should be the right length. Too long points are as dangerous as they are ugly.

As for these protruding points, which are a criminal menace, they are as ridiculous as would be a trailing petticoat with a skirt of walking length.

Leave them in the place where he expects to find them.

Sympathize with him when things have gone wrong all day and he comes home blue.

Don't tell him how beguilingly Mrs. B. is gowned when he is striving in every way to keep his family and his credit good.

If he scrapes cigar ashes on the floor don't act as though he has committed a mortal sin. They keep the moths out of the carpet.

Women and Society

W. C. T. U. To Meet.

The Greensboro W. C. T. U. will meet this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock with Mrs. J. E. Cartland, Asheboro street.

Recital at G. F. College.

On the evening of Tuesday, May 2, at Greensboro Female College Miss Beatrice Lynne Byrd will give her graduating recital in piano. The recital will begin at 8:30 o'clock and the public is cordially invited to attend.

Dance at M. & M. Club.

This evening from 9:30 to 12:30 o'clock in the Elks' Club a dance will be given in honor of Miss Katherine Brabson, of Greenville, Tenn., who is the guest of Miss Mary Vanstory. Music will be furnished by Hood's Orchestra. It was erroneously stated yesterday morning that the dance was held on Wednesday night, The Telegram reporter getting the dates mixed while taking the notice over the telephone.

Recital Greatly Enjoyed.

Last night at the West Market Street annex Miss Laura Doub presented her pupil, Miss Annie Mae Dorsett, in a piano recital. The well selected program as played by Miss Dorsett showed not only the skill of the pupil, but the careful training of an able teacher.

The double MacDowell number and the Weber Concerto, which was a duo played by Miss Doub and Miss Dorsett, were especially pleasing.

Miss Dorsett plays the piano with the ease and grace which come only as the result of hard and conscientious work, and gives promise of making an exceptionally good pianist.

Usually it happens that those who thus offend are criminally thoughtless and selfish.

Occasionally a woman whose whole life is devoted to kind and generous acts thus thoughtlessly errs.

Hatpins are easily cut off and sharpened, and they should be the right length. Too long points are as dangerous as they are ugly.

As for these protruding points, which are a criminal menace, they are as ridiculous as would be a trailing petticoat with a skirt of walking length.

Mrs. Brooks Entertains.

Mrs. Z. T. Brooks entertained most delightfully yesterday afternoon at her home on South Spring street in honor of Mrs. A. L. Brooks, a bride of a few months, and her mother, Mrs. J. S. Higbie, of Newark, N. J., who is here on a visit to her daughter. The handsome residence was artistically decorated and music was rendered during the afternoon by Brockmann's Orchestra.

Mrs. Z. T. Brooks wore black lace over black satin. Her daughter-in-law,

Mrs. A. L. Brooks, was gowned in white lace over yellow silk. Mrs. Higbie wore black lace over lavender with passementerie trimmings.

Mrs. E. J. Justice and Mrs. W. E. Allen met the guests at the door and ushered them into the parlor where the hostess and the guests of honor were stationed. In the punch room Mesdames E. D. Broadhurst and W. B. Merrimon received and Mrs. Julian Price and Mrs. Henry Fariss served punch.

Mrs. L. J. Brandt received at the dining room door and in this room Mrs. C. C. Taylor poured coffee, while Mrs. H. R. Bush poured tea. Refreshments were served by Mesdames F. B. Ricks, John A. Gilmer and Frank Morton, Misses Bessie Grissom and Bert Mebane.

Mrs. J. P. Howatt and daughter, Mrs. R. L. Groom, of New York City, are here to visit Mrs. W. L. Grissom.

Mrs. J. B. Fuller and little daughter, of Philadelphia, have arrived in the city, to spend the summer with Mr. Fuller, Greensboro's first baseman, at Mrs. Doak's.

Tonight at G. F. College Misses Eddie Everette Bell and Maude Gilligan will give their graduate piano recital.

Miss Mattie Hyndman, who has been visiting Miss Annie Jones, has returned to her home in Charlotte.

Mrs. J. B. Gunter is in Fountain, near Tarboro, to spend two weeks with Dr. Gunter.

Miss Josie Prather, who has been the guest of Mrs. Sidney Peters, has returned to her home in Mt. Airy.

Miss Elizabeth Cosby, of Danville, is the guest of Mrs. A. R. Perkins, North Park Drive.

D. W. Kirkman has returned to his home in Albany, Ga., after spending several weeks with relatives at Friendship.

District Attorney Holton, of Winston, in the city yesterday.

W. L. Callum, Jr., is at home from New York. In the future he will travel South Carolina for Allan Pfeiffer Chemical Company of St. Louis.

RECITAL AT THE NORMAL

The Juniors and Sophomores of the Music Department to Give a Public Recital Saturday Night.

On tomorrow evening at eight thirty o'clock, there will be given in the auditorium of the students building at the Normal College, a music recital to which the public is cordially invited.

A number of recitals have been given by the music classes during the year but this is the first one open to the public. The program is furnished by members of the Junior and Sophomore classes.

MR. BROWN HAS A WORD.

Calls Attention to Stories Being Circulated As to His Character, Etc.

To the Citizens of Greensboro:

Concerning my candidacy for Commissioner of Public Safety, I am reliably informed that certain parties interested in my defeat have put in circulation a report that the character and methods of my business are questionable and even disreputable. For those circulating this report, knowing it to be false, I have no explanation to make. For those who know me and my business an explanation or denial is unnecessary, as is evidenced by the 704 votes cast for me in the primary last Monday.

To those who do not know me I state that the report is a malicious falsehood, fabricated to affect my candidacy. I conduct a wholesale tobacco and cigar business upon methods today the same that they were, when in the same business, from time to time, I was associated with such men as H. C. Berger, W. E. Beville, W. W. Wood, John L. King and J. N. Leak. I here and now denounce as false the statement that I am now, or ever was, engaged in any occupation that was not absolutely legitimate and honest.

If any gentleman has been misled by the report and will come to my office, with or without the falsifiers, I will convince him he has been deceived for political purposes and will denounce such falsifiers to their faces.

For 15 years I have conducted this same business by myself and in connection with others and during that period several attempts have been made to injure me politically by attacking the nature of my business. Enemies have attempted to identify my business with those "fakes" who sell samples simply for the sake of the profit in the samples. Upon one such occasion I requested the United States postal authorities to investigate the matter and they found nothing whatever wrong and so reported. I lose money on every case of samples sent out unless the salesman sells a considerable amount of goods. I actually sell and ship from 40 to 50 thousand dollars worth of tobacco and cigars each year, as can be verified by the freight records in the depots at Bedford City, Va., Lynchburg, Va., Ithaca, N. Y., and Greensboro, as well as records in my office.

I again denounce any reflections upon my business as false and slanderous and challenge any man to produce the slightest evidence to the contrary and hereby offer any such person free access to my books and records.

I beg to say also I am not and have never been connected with the N. C. Public Service Co., or its allied interests, and are not now and have never been under obligations to any of them.

These are samples of the lengths to which certain persons will go in a political fight. I have conducted the campaign on my part on a high plane and refuse to make use of such tactics. If elected I will be in position to give my undivided time and attention to the duties of the office.

Again thanking the citizens of Greensboro for their splendid support last Monday, and urging all of my friends to vote early on next Tuesday, I am.

Very sincerely,

E. A. BROWN.



\$3.50, \$4.00 and \$4.50

Bostonian Footwear for Men is the best in the world for the price.

SOLD IN GREENSBORO EXCLUSIVELY BY

Thacker & Brockmann,

MILITARY PUNISHMENTS.

Times When Rebellious Soldiers Gambled For Their Lives.

In times past the military code in England was no less stern and uncompromising than the civil. Sentence of death was readily decreed and as promptly executed. Where offenses multiplied and wholesale executions would have weakened the army numerically decimation—the slaughter of every tenth man—was the rule, or the troops gambled for their lives by casting dice upon a drumhead or drawing lots under the gallows tree.

Lesser penalties—not capital, but physical, and causing pain with permanent degradation—were maiming, branding the cheek or forehead, boring the tongue or cutting the nose and ears. These last named were retained upon the military statute book until the reign of Queen Anne. The "trapado" was a fiendish device by which a delinquent was hoisted on high by a rope fastened to his arms and then dropped down by a sudden jerk that often dislocated his shoulders. Hanging by the thumbs, sometimes called "picketing," was also practiced, while the body was raised to such height that its whole weight rested on one toe, and that again on a sharp pointed spike.

To "ride the wooden horse" was to be mounted on a razor edge, with weights fastened to the extremities.

Running the gauntlet, or "gantlope," was as old as the Cromwellian army, and it is thus described in an army order about 1649: The culprits (who had been guilty of blasphemy as well as deer stealing) were to be "stripped naked from the waist upward and a lane made by half the lord general's regiment of foot and half Colonel Pride's, with every man a cudgel in his hand. They were to be run through in this posture so that every soldier might have a stroke at their naked backs, breasts or arms wherever it might alight."—Pearson's.

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Very sincerely,

E. A. BROWN.

Poor Ducky.

The boys and girls sit around in a circle, and some one is chosen to be poor ducky. It then falls to the lot of ducky to quack in front of some one player who must stroke ducky's head and say, "Poor ducky, poor ducky, poor ducky" repeating the words three times without smiling.

If the player smiles while he is stroking the duck's head he or she must change places with ducky. To make it all the harder for the players to keep from laughing ducky should make the most comical faces he knows how while he is quacking, and the funnier his voice the more fun there will be. Do you know, a lot of us grown girls played this game the other evening, and it was lots of fun to see all the guests look so sober and dignified and then finally burst out into a hearty laugh.

A Vegetarian Cat.

There is a cat in the seclusion of Hampton Court, England, which has become a strict vegetarian, certainly on principle, since there is plenty of meat to be had. This eccentric creature, black from nose to tail, has taken for her chief diet scarlet runner beans. Cucumbers she also likes, and carrots, if they are boiled, while she occasionally nibbles away at other vegetables. But for some inscrutable reason this singular cat will not touch fruit, and, although she will drink milk, she rejects the bread that may be mixed with it. Altogether there is some talk of taking this queer animal to London to have the philosophers talk over her.

HEAR
Guy Carleton Lee

In Series of Three
Lectures at

SMITH MEMORIAL BLDG.

Under Auspices of
Barium Springs Circle

SUBJECTS:

The Soul of A Woman
The Heart of a Child
The Mind of a Man.

May 1-2—8:15 P. M.; May 2,

Matinee 3:30 P. M.

Popular, Brilliant, Scholarly

SEASON TI KET \$1.50.

White Frost
REFRIGERATOR

Not only does the "White Frost" take less ice, but it keeps food better than any other refrigerator.

The "White Frost" is made entirely of metal—not a splinter of wood in its construction—nothing to mould or decay. It is absolutely sanitary and safeguards the family health by keeping food pure, sweet, wholesome.

Refrigeration is Natural. Round in shape, there are no corners, cracks nor crevices for dirt and germs to lodge.

Revolving Sheaves, quickly removable—no reaching over or spilling of dishes—no waste of space—it is the most convenient and economical refrigerator made, will last a life time.

Handsome in appearance, it is an ornament in any room—As you value health and economy, buy a "White Frost" Refrigerator. Sold by

C. O. FORBIS

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NEW YORK

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Your Last Opportunity To Get The Telegram For \$3.00 A Year!

This is the last week of the special offer for The Telegram one year at \$3.00. After May 1st, the subscription price will be \$5.00 a year, or 10 cents a week. You can by paying your subscription now, or during this week, save \$2 for the coming year. A dollar saved is a dollar made. Why not make two this week by taking advantage of this offer?

THE TELEGRAM HAS IMPROVED

The readers of The Telegram have noted that the paper has been increased to seven columns to the page, that a press service has been added and that otherwise the paper has been improved. It is the desire of the Management, as has been stated before, to give the people of Greensboro the best paper that is warranted by the conditions prevailing here. This promise has been made, and it will be fulfilled.

How to Take Advantage Of This Offer:

If you are an old subscriber refer to your last receipt, find the amount due from the date that you last paid to, at 25 cents per month to May 1st, 1911, add \$3.00, send a Money Order or check payable to The Telegram Company, and you will receive in return a receipt to May 1st, 1912. Your letter must reach The Telegram office before May 1st, or must bear postmark before 12 o'clock midnight, April 30th. If you want to subscribe for The Telegram, send a remittance for \$3.00 during this week and it will be sent to you until May 1st, 1912.

Don't Miss This OPPORTUNITY

THE
TELEGRAM
COMPANY

IN THE LABOR WORLD

London, England, contains 142 unions.

The Molders' Union claims 50,000 members.

One-third of Britain's telegraph operators are women.

Toronto, Ont., carpenters have asked for forty cents an hour.

In Belleville, Ill., 95 per cent of the workers are unionists.

Montreal, Can., painters want thirty cent an hour and a ten-hour day.

Missouri's Legislature passed the 54-hour work bill for working women.

Women ushers in the Parisian theaters have formed a labor union.

Lewes, Scotland, women fish workers are agitating against Sunday fishing.

In 1910 Boston, Mass., Cigarmakers' Union spent \$10,342 for advertising the union label.

At present there are fully 75,000 women employed in manufacturing industries in New Jersey.

From about the year 1445 until 1775 the miners of Scotland were bought and sold with the soil.

A free employment bureau for New York City is provided in a proposed amendment to the city charter.

In Toronto, Can., there is a movement toward the organization of typographical unions into a provincial conference.

Denver, Col., Typographical Union has taken the initiative in a movement for closer affiliation of the printing trade crafts.

In the State of Washington the compensation act will go into effect October 1 and the woman's eight hour work day on June 10.

Milwaukee, Wis., hod carriers and building laborers, May 1 will ask that their wages be increased from 30 to 32 1/2 cents per hour.

Tom Lewis, deposed President of the United Mine Workers of America, will go back to the mines as a workman.

St. Paul Carpenters' Union, in line with the closer affiliation movement has appointed fraternal delegates who will attend the regular meetings of the Minneapolis Union.

An expense of \$500,000 per annum will be put on Washington railroads by reason of the enactment of the "full crew" bill, signed by Governor M. E. Hay.

Railway mail clerks now have seven local organizations in Minnesota and the Dakotas, and are taking steps to affiliate with the American Federation of Labor.

St. Paul, Minn., Labor Unions will cooperate in a movement to open the schoolhouses of that city for social meetings of clubs and other organizations.

No permanent unions have ever been effected by women in New Jersey and more than three-fourths of her industries require women—17 per cent. are dependent upon women's labor.

Toronto, Can., labor unions may form a provincial federation of labor, to be chartered by the Dominion Trades Congress of Canada.

Active preparations are being made for the convention of the Southern Conference on woman and child labor, which will be held in Atlanta, Ga., beginning at 10 a. m., the fourth Tuesday in this month.

The trade and labor council of Victoria, B. C., has adopted a resolution protesting against any member of organized labor in its territorial limit, becoming a member of the organized militia.

Mankato, Minn., unions have begun preliminary work of preparing to entertain the annual convention of the State Federation of Labor, which will meet in that city the third Wednesday in June.

San Francisco, Cal., bakers have presented a new scale of hours with the wages unchanged. This is to be effective May 1. The new scale calls for 8 hours for night work, from 8 p. m. to 4 a. m.; 8 hours in factories and 9 hours in all other places.

A pipe trades council, composed of United Association Unions of the twin cities, has been organized. It includes the Plumbers' and Steamfitters' unions

of St. Paul, and the Plumbers', Steamfitters' and Sprinkler Fitters' and Helpers' Union of Minneapolis.

The work of the conference of women and children labor will be the securing of legislation by the various Southern States for the protection of women and children employed in mills, factories, mines and workshops; reasonable hours of labor and proper sanitary and other working conditions.

April 30 has been set aside this year as Tuberculosis Day, and will be observed in 200,000 churches in the country in a manner similar to that of Tuberculosis Sunday in 1910, when over 40,000 sermons were preached on the prevention of consumption.

It is stated that the government will positively refuse to allow the formation of any union among employees. It regards the employees as part of the government itself. Unions are subject to sympathetic strikes, and the government cannot allow its service to be crippled in that way.

Assemblyman McGrath, of Manhattan, has introduced at Albany a measure calculated to meet the objections of the Court of Appeals, raised in its decision declaring the compulsory compensation feature of the employers' liability act unconstitutional.

The average salary paid teachers in Illinois is \$64.44, California, Massachusetts, Nevada and New York lead the list. Georgia is at the bottom, with the low average of 27.81. The men teachers in the ungraded schools of Illinois receive an average monthly salary of \$47.47. The women receive an average of \$39.62.

The work done by women in iron foundries is limited to five and six-pound molds, and at present there are only forty women doing this kind of work in New Jersey. This clearly indicates the tendency to cheapen the cost of production in manufacturing by women's labor, without respect to her fitness for the work.

It seems odd that the North should cast stones at the South in the matter of child labor, while there are tobacco factories, glass works, coal breakers, mines mills, and sweat shops in the Northern States, wherein hundreds of thousands of children are cruelly overworked, starved in mind, stunted in body, wrecked in health.

Daniel C. Fisher, Dorchester, England, the only blind inventor of textile machinery in the world, is adapting a new invention to the conditions of the British mills, whereby he believes he is going to be the means of soon revolutionizing the textile industries of all England.

The central labor council of Stockton, Cal., has adopted an amendment to its by-laws which provides that "any delegate to the central trades council who wilfully or knowingly patronizes any person, firm or corporation on the 'unfair' or 'we don't patronize' list of this council, shall have his seat declared vacant, and his union so notified."

A new death benefit for members of the Cleveland Lodge of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees was created recently.

The new benefit is entirely apart from the insurance given by the national order. The local lodge pays the amount of the benefit. Under the new system the nearest relative of a member who dies is immediately paid \$500, or as soon as the officers of the lodge hear of the death. If the wife of a member dies, the member receives \$300. If the child of a member dies, the member immediately receives \$150.

Mining methods in the United States are often crude, and known safety precautions are either disregarded or not used. Child labor laws have been, and still are, indifferently complied with in many States, and a number of fatalities occur each year among children at an age when they should be in school. In 1908, ten children of 15 years were among those whose deaths in the mines were recorded in the official reports.

The chief sources of the friction between employer and employee, the rapid increase in the demand for charitable relief and care for delinquent children, and the corresponding demand for compensation for all personal injuries which workingmen receive in the due course of their employment, continue to exist largely because compensation for injuries can only be obtained when the employee can prove fault on the part of his employer. Fault or negligence of the employer can be proven in much less than twenty per cent. of the cases, and further, what is most startling, no matter how careful the employee and employer are, or how the efficiency of the State may rise in the prevention of accidents, the cause of

You Will Eventually Use and Recommend Justice Remedy for Croup and Pneumonia

WHY NOT BEGIN NOW?

It is an ideal preparation, made right, and will please you. Try it and if it is not entirely satisfactory your dealer will cheerfully refund your money.

LISZT AS AN IDOL

The Great Musician Was Petted by English Royalty.

A SOUVENIR OF THE MASTER

The Singular Memento That Was Secretly Treasured by a Cold, Rigid and Rather Disagreeable Old Englishwoman.

"When I was a very small boy indeed," writes Ford M. Hueffer in Harper's, "when I wore green velvet clothes, red stockings and long golden curly hair, thus displaying to an unsympathetic world the fact of my pre-adolescent origin, I was taken one day to a very large hall. In front of us was a wooden platform draped all in red. Upon the platform was a grand piano.

"In front of me the first row of the stalls had been taken away, and in place of them there had been put three gilded armchairs, before which was a table covered with a profusion of flowers that drooped and trailed to the ground. Suddenly there was applause—a considerable amount of applause. A lady and gentleman were coming from under the dark entry that led to the artists' room. They were the Prince and Princess of Wales. There was no doubt about that even for a small boy like myself.

"And then there was more applause. What applause! It rolled round the hall. All were on their feet. People climbed on to their chairs, they waved hands, they waved programs, they waved hats, they shouted, for in the dark entrance there had appeared, white and shining, a head with brown and sphinxlike features and white and long hair and the eternal wonderful smile.

"They advanced, these three, amid those tremendous shouts and enthusiasm—the two royal personages leading the master, one holding each hand.

They approached the gilded armchairs immediately in front of me, and the prince and princess indicated to the master that he was to sit between them at the table covered with flowers.

"He made little pantomimes of modesty, he drew his hands through their grasp, he walked quickly away from the armchairs, and because I was just behind them he suddenly removed me from my seat and left me standing under all the eyes, solitary in the aisle of the center of the hall, while he sat down.

"I do not think I was frightened by the eyes, but I know I was terribly frightened by that great brown, aquiline face, with the piercing glance and the mirthless, distant, inscrutable smile.

"And immediately just beside me there began what appeared to be a gentle and courtly wrestling match. A gentleman of the royal suit approached the master. He refused to move. The prince approached the master. He sat indomitably still. Then the princess came and, taking him by the hand, drew him almost by force out of my stall, for it was my stall, after all.

"And when he was once upon his feet, as if to clinch the matter, she suddenly sat down in it herself, and with a sudden touch of good feeling she took me by the hand—the small soft boy with the golden curls and the red stockings—and sat me upon her lap. I, alas, have no trace of the date on which I sat in a queen's lap, for it was all so very long ago; the king is dead, the master is long since dead, the hall itself is pulled down and has utterly disappeared.

"I had a distant relative—oddly enough an English one, not a German—who married an official of the court of Weimar and became a lady in waiting on the grand duchess. As far as I know, there was nothing singularly sentimental about this lady. When I knew her she was cold, rigid and rather disagreeable. She had always about her a peculiar and disagreeable odor, and when she died a few years ago it was discovered that she wore round her neck a sash, and in this sash was a half smoked cigar.

"This was a relic of Franz Liszt. He had begun to smoke it many years before a dinner which had been given, and he having put it down unfinished, she had at once seized upon it and had worn it upon her person ever since. This sounds inexplicable and incredible, but there it is."

Left Snobbish Church.

New York, April 26.—Charging that his church was too snobbish and sought to exclude the poor, Rev. T. Calvin McClelland has resigned the pastorate of the Memorial Presbyterian church.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Bears the Signature of *Frank Fletcher*.

Respectfully Referred to Newport News, New York, April 26.—Sir John Murray told the New York Academy of Sciences that he has read newspapers by the phosphorous light from fishes, while sitting five feet above the water.

If It's Gardner's It's Good

Large
Transplanted
Tomato
Plants

At

Summit Avenue
Greenhouses,
Howard Gardner, Prop.
Greensboro, N. C.Mail orders have
prompt attention.

Schlosser Bros.

We keep all kind of Fresh
and Smoked Meats and all
kind Sausages and Corned
Beef, Fresh Fish and Oysters
every day.We are grinding Sausage
for the public.Phone 341
City Market.

GOT HIS HAIR BACK.

Was Perfectly Bald When He Started
to Use Newbro's Herpicide.
Frederick Mansell, Maryland block,
Butte, Montana, bought a bottle of New-
bro's Herpicide, April 6, '96, and began to
use it immediately. The hair follicles in his scalp were not dead, and in
30 days he had hair all over his head. On July 2 he writes, "and today the hair
is as thick and luxuriant as any one
could wish." Newbro's Herpicide works
on an old principle and with a new d's-
covery—destroy the cause and you will
remove the effect. Herpicide destroys the
germ that causes dandruff, falling hair,
and finally baldness, so that with the
cause gone the effect cannot remain.
Send 10c in stamps for sample to
the Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.
One dollar bottles guaranteed.Fariss-Klutz Drug Co., and Greensboro
Drug Co., Special Agents.JUST
Rheumacide
IT CURESRheumatism and Blood Diseases.
The cause of rheumatism is excess
urea in the blood. To cure rheumatism this acid must be expelled from
the system. Rheumatism is an internal
disease, and must be treated internally.
Rubbing with oils and liniments
may ease the pain, but they will
not cure the disease. The paint
will only cover the fiber of rotten wood.Cures Rheumatism To Stay Cured.
Science has discovered a perfect and
complete cure for rheumatism. Tested
in hundreds of cases, it has effected
marvelous cures. Rheumacide removes
the cause, gets at the joints from the
inside, sweeps the poison out of the
system, tones up the stomach, regulates
the bowels and kidneys. Sold by druggists
at 50c. and \$1. in the tablet form
Babbitt Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.
Gets At The Joints From The Inside.JUST
Rheumacide
IT CURESFor Sale by Howard Gardner, Drug-
gist, Greensboro, N. C.Hay's Hair
HealthRestores color to Gray or
Faded hair—Removes Dan-
druff and invigorates the Scalp
—Promotes a luxuriant,
healthy hair growth—Stops its
falling out. Is not a dye.\$1.00 and 50c at Drug Stores or direct upon
receipt of price and dealers name. Send 10c for
sample bottle. Philo Hay Specialties Co.,
Newark, N. J. U. S. A.REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES
FOR SALE AND RECOMMENDED BY
PARISS-KLUTZ DRUG CO. AND
GREENSBORO DRUG CO.GREENSBORO PRESSING CLUB,
Over Vanstoy Clothing Company, W. N.
Hinton, Proprietor. Phone 162. The
oldest and best.

THE NURSERY

Whooping Cough.

Whooping cough is the most troublesome of all the chronic ailments. The cure is uncertain, and the tedious nature of it only too sure. Much can be done by using palliative means, and, in addition to internal medication, it has long been recognized that the coal-tar inhalations are of value.

In the old days children were sent to the gas works, and were said to have derived great benefit. Now that we know that the disease is due to a germ, which, growing in the mucous membrane of the throat probably sets up the spasm or whoop by irritating the nerve endings, the coal-tar treatment is obviously a rational one.

The use of the cresolene vaporizer is based on these lines, and so widely is it now used, and so many are the reports as to the efficacy, that it seems not improbable that therein lies the pith of the treatment, especially if in conjunction nerve sedatives are administered under medical supervision.

Cresolene is a tarry oil, allied to, but distinct from, carbolic acid. It is very destructive of fungoid and other low forms of life. The vaporizer is a simple apparatus for vaporizing the cresolene by gentle heat. It is sold in a box, with a bottle of cresolene and directions, and goes by the name of "vapor-cresolene."

Convulsions.

Mothers should realize that the brain of an infant is far more unstable, far more easily upset than that of an adult. Hence it is that convulsions so readily and so often occur.

Convulsions may be simply described as a sudden and abnormal discharge of nervous energy from the brain. This discharge is usually due to some "reflex" exciting cause acting in some other part of the body, the stimulus passes up to the brain and the nervous discharge is fired.

Common exciting causes of convulsions are the local irritations of teething, of whooping cough, croup, constipation, the initial rise of temperature of an acute fever (Measles, scarlatina, pneumonia,) and even worms, particularly the large round variety.

In addition to these in the general condition of malnutrition, called rickets, the brain is unusually badly nourished, and the natural control of the nervous impulse is weakened, so that convulsions often occur in rickety children.

Wasted Energy.

"I give you my word," said the milk toast philosopher, "that when I discovered that the clock I had been careful to wind every night for ten years was an eight day clock I was inclined to be petulant."—Browning's Magazine.

Quite Satisfied.

Visitor.—Your typewriter seems very much taken with her new machine.
Lawyer.—Yes. It has a patent chewing gum wad holder, flower receiver, bonbon shelf, rat storage, pin box and a few other things attached—Puck.

All From One.

"Yes," said Miss McBluff, "I've had nine proposals since I saw you last."
"Indeed," replied Miss Wise. "And did you finally reward his perseverance by accepting him?"—Catholic Standard and Times.

Overcrowded.

"There's no doubt," remarked a shop-
keeper, "there are too many humbugs
and swindlers in this town."

"That is so," agreed his companion.
"You and I must leave it!"—Stray
Stories.

DYSPEPSIA

"Having taken your wonderful Casca-
rets for three months and being entirely
cured of stomach catarrh and dyspepsia,
I think a word of praise is due to
'Cascarets' for their wonderful composition.
I have taken numerous other so-
called remedies but without avail, and I
find that Cascarets relieve more in a day
than all the others I have taken wouldn't
in a year."—James McGinn, 108 Mercer St., Jersey City, N. J.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good.
Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Grip.
10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The
same tablet stamped G. C. Guaranteed
to cure or your money back.

HOW TO CURE ECZEMA.
ITCH AND ALL SKIN DISEASES

Don't suffer a moment longer with
eczema, or any form of skin or blood
troubles. Don't scratch or rub the skin.
Just apply Hancock Sulphur Compound
to the affected spots and it will stop the
itching at once, and cure the trouble
permanently. One 50c bottle will cure
that prevalent trouble, Common Itch.
Nothing cures skin troubles so quickly
as Hancock Sulphur Compound. To
soothe the complexion and remove
blackheads and pimples, use Hancock
Sulphur Ointment, 25c. Mrs. Evelyn
Jas, of Salem, Va., writes: "Three
years ago I had a rough place on my
cheek, it would burn and itch. I was
fearful it might be of a cancerous na-
ture. I used different preparations,
but nothing ever helped it. One bottle
of Sulphur Compound cured me completely.
I recommend it to any one having
any skin disease." For sale by How-
ard Gardner, Sulphur Springs, Tex.

10c and 50c at Drug Stores or direct upon
receipt of price and dealers name. Send 10c for
sample bottle. Philo Hay Specialties Co.,
Newark, N. J. U. S. A.

REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES
FOR SALE AND RECOMMENDED BY
PARISS-KLUTZ DRUG CO. AND
GREENSBORO DRUG CO.

GREENSBORO PRESSING CLUB,
Over Vanstoy Clothing Company, W. N.
Hinton, Proprietor. Phone 162. The
oldest and best.

Household Economy

Remember to wash all good pocket
handkerchiefs by themselves, quite apart
from everything else. Soak them over
night in cold water, then wash in hot
water, using the best white soap. Rinse
in clear cold water, squeeze the water
out of them, rub well with white soap,
and boil for 20 minutes, with a little
dissolved borax in the water. Then
rinse again, and if any spots remain,
wash them. Blue in the usual manner,
and iron before they are quite dry with
a well polished hot iron. Handkerchiefs
treated in this way will keep their color
and wear well.

Two Good Hints.

Instead of using 40 or 50 thread when
sewing calicoes, etc., on the machine
use 60 or 70, and it will look better and
wear better. The two threads give sufficient
strength, and the finer thread
embeds itself in the material, and becomes
almost like a part of it, while the
coarse thread, being raised above the
surface, is subjected to more wear.

Any part of a wall that is inclined
to be damp may be made impervious by
applying a varnish of one part of shellac
and two of naphtha. The disagreeable
odor soon wears off, and the wall may
be papered as soon as dry.

White Marks on Wood.

Two or three times a year all polished
furniture should be carefully wiped
over with a cloth wrung out of lukewarm
vinegar-and-water, half a teacupful
to a gallon. You will be surprised to find
how dirty the cloth gets. Afterwards
polish the furniture with furniture
cream and dusters in the usual way.

White stains on furniture, caused by
putting down hot jug or plate, should
be rubbed with a little oil of some kind,
linseed for preference, although paraffin
or sweet oil will do. Leave the oil on
for some time, if possible, and then
polish.

Oak Stairs That Have Been Painted.

The following is a way in which oak
stairs that have been painted may be
remedied:

Brush the paint with a strong solution
of ammonia; this will soften the
paint, which may then be scraped off
with a glass or steel scraper.

After the paint has been removed
wash the woodwork with ammonia
and water. The ammonia will darken
the wood, but if you care to have it light,
brush it with a strong solution of oxalic
acid. The cleaned woodwork may
be treated like new wood.

To Clean a Stove.

Use good stove blacking made into a
paste about as thick as thin cream with
cold water. Add a teaspoonful of sugar
to about a gill of the blacking.

Wet a piece of cloth in this mixture
and rub on the range. When nearly
dry polish with a brush. One always
gets the best results with a cold, or only
slightly warm range.

It is impossible to get a good polish
on a hot surface. If the top of the range
has been burned red, it will be necessary
to repeat the coat of blacking
and the polishing.

It is a great mistake to put a thick
coat of blacking on at one time, as only
a small portion of it will adhere to the
iron surface, the brush removing the
greater part.

A thorough polishing with the dry
brush is most important. If this is
neglected the utensils and garments that
may come in contact with the range will
become soiled.

The thin coat of blacking may be re-
quired for the top of the range every
day or two, but the sides and hearth
will require merely, a brisk rubbing with
the brush, putting on a little blacking,
perhaps once a month.

Remember that the application of
great quantities of blacking means the
filling of all the grooves and crevices
with the substance that will require
hours to remove or dig out.

Spa Rod, Spoil Child.

New Haven, April 26.—Governor Baldwin
will attend the State Conference of Charities
and Correction that he favored the
birch rod and strap as a corrective in-
fluence for bad boys and even grown
men.

Feel languid, weak, run-down? Head-
ache? Stomach "off"?—Just a plain
case of lazy liver. Burdock Blood Bit-
ters tones liver and stomach, promotes
digestion, purifies the blood.

Soothes itching skin. Heals cuts or
burns without a scar. Cures piles, ec-
zema, salt rheum, any itching. Doan's
Ointment. Your druggist sells it.

I suffered habitually from constipation.
Doan's Regulets relieved and
strengthened the bowels, so that they
have been regular ever since."—A. E.
Davis, grocer, Sulphur Springs, Tex.

Cheapest accident insurance—Dr.
Thomas' Eclectic Oil. Stops the pains
and heals the wound. All druggists sell
it.

"Nature's Gift from the Sunny South"



Warmed into life by the sun shining on
Southern Cotton Fields, nurtured by rain
and dew, the Cotton plant concentrates in
its seed the life-giving and life-sustaining
quality which is the basis of Cottolene.
From cotton field to kitchen, human hands
never touch the oil from which Cottolene
is made. It is a product of nature. Lard
comes from the fat of the hog—often
impure, most always indigestible.

Cottolene, on the contrary, is made
from vegetable oil, and jelly made from
the juice of choicest fruit is not more
pure or easily digested than this product of
the oil extracted from the kernel of the
Cotton seed.

COTTOLENE is Guaranteed Your grocer is hereby authorized to
not pleased, after having given Cottolene a fair test.

Never Sold in Bulk Cottolene is packed in pails with an air-tight top, to
keep it clean, fresh and wholesome, and prevent it
from catching dust and absorbing disagreeable odors, such as fish, oil, etc.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

NEW JERSEY'S GOVERNOR

From Philadelphia North American.
The whole surface of New Jersey has
been raised since January 1. This was
not brought about by a seismic disturbance.
Nevertheless, the face of the state
has been lifted up just as certainly as if
the volcanic fires in the interior of the
earth had rolled their giant forces beneath
the state and caused an upheaval
from end to end.

It is a great mistake to put a thick
coat of blacking on at one time, as only
a small portion of it will adhere to the
iron surface, the brush removing the
greater part.

What has occurred to New Jersey has
been due almost wholly to the
notable work of Governor Wilson, who
has been in the office less than four
months.

When he was called to the place he
was a novice in practical politics but
was a ripe scholar, steeped in knowledge
of constitutional and economic history
and animated with the breath of sound
political and social philosophy.

He had held various chairs in Princeton
University, all having to do with
jurisprudence and all related to politics
and economics. At the time of his
nomination for governor he was presi-
dent of the great democratic university
which he honored, and which had honored
him.

He was elected governor of the state
not as the nominee of the Democratic
party, but as the candidate of all the forces
in the State which had combined to
turn government back to the people. He
received a total vote of 283,682. The
Democratic candidate for president
was thrown for New Jersey.

Therefore, when it came to the election
of a senator, the question was not if Martine
were his personal choice, but whether
or not the instructions of the people
should be regarded. The full weight of
the administration was thrown for
Martine. Through Governor Wilson's
stand the popular candidate was elected.

This was the first Governor Wilson's
remarkable series of victories. They
have been all the more notable, in view
of the political composition of the legislature.
The lower house was Democratic, but an
actual majority of the dominant party
was under the control of the machine forces
which had ranged themselves against the
governor in the Martine fight.

The senate was Republican. It was
antagonistic to the governor not merely
on the low plane of partisan politics,
but the balance of power was in the
hands of machine representatives allied
to the same interests as controlled the
reactionary Democratic majority in the
house.

Against this set-up Governor Wilson
succeeded in forcing the redemption of
every campaign pledge he had made to
the people, and in bringing about the
passage of a larger number of progressive
measures than had ever been put
through a single session of any legisla-
ture.

ture in the east. It is doubtful that cluding modified initiative, referendum
and recall.

Regulation of cold storage.

Purchase of the right of way for a
ship canal across the state.

Reorganization of the state school
system.

Reforms in railroad taxation.

Workmen's compensation law, provid-
ing for the automatic payment for in-
juries or loss of life in industries.

OUR SPRING LINE OF
Ladies' and Children's
PARASOLS
Is Complete and Ready for
Your Inspection.
Ask to See the
'Palm' Parasol
S. L. Gilmer & Co.

The Greensboro Telegram No. 3
BASEBALL COUPON.

This coupon, signed with the name and address of any baseball fan—man, woman, boy or girl—when presented at the office of the GREENSBORO TELEGRAM together with eleven (11) others consecutively numbered, is good for a copy of "FACTS FOR FANS"—a complete record of all important baseball happenings, rules, individual averages, team averages, players names for all organized leagues, etc.

Name
Address
City

YOU MUST HAVE TWELVE (12) COUPONS
consecutively numbered. Begin with any number and save the next 11 coupons. Present these at the office in person or mail them in (when mailing send 2 cent stamp for return postage) and get a copy with our compliments.

Porch Shades and Hammocks

We are agents for the Vudor Porch Shades and Hammocks. The best in the world. We put these up which insures satisfaction. See our Chair Hammock.

Vudor
PORCH SHADES
UNDERTAKING OUR SPECIALTY.
Day 762 Night 1442

BUILDING MATERIAL

He Who Builds of Good Material Builds But Once.

We have at all times a well assorted stock

**Flooring, Ceiling
Siding, Shingles, Etc.,**

and can PROMPTLY supply your needs in any quality for either Bungalow or Mansion, both in hard or soft woods.

We also have a stock of the celebrated KINGS WINDSOR Cement Wall Plaster, Hydrated Lime and Paroid Roofing. Both Plaster and Roofing used extensively by the U. S. Government. This alone is a very good recommendation.

Phone us to come take measurements and furnish Window and Door Screens.

Screen early and keep flies out.

Estimates cheerfully furnished.

**GUILFORD LUMBER
MANUFACTURING CO.,**
GREENSBORO, N. C.
PHONE 6

IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS
**MUSICIANS INSPIRED
PATRIOTS TO VICTORY**

**Greensboro Scooped Contest Yesterday From
Spartanburg by Score of Thirteen to Three
---Second Game This Afternoon.**

Billy Laval's troupe of strolling Musicians, with headquarters in Spartanburg, gave their first entertainment of the season at Cone Athletic park yesterday afternoon, but owing to a series of unfortunate circumstances the program did not include many of the lively airs that the company has in its repertoire, which will probably be rendered under more favorable circumstances later in the season. The crowd of a thousand baseball enthusiasts that assembled for the event were in a mood to have enjoyed a more lovely program, but the visitors chose to save the ragtime and two-steps for later in the season.

The occasion was also the first of the league games in the Carolina Association in which Rabbit Doyle's aggregation of Patriots started upon their pennant-winning contest, and when the games was finished and the score stood 13 to 3 in Greensboro's favor it was found the local rooters in excellent spirits and venturing the prediction that Greensboro will have to be reckoned with in the league again this season. With a strong infield, a fast outfield, a bunch of good pitchers and an aggregation of heavy hitters, the locals have the finest prospects they have had this early in the season. The game yesterday afternoon was a revelation to those who had not seen the team play before. It is believed to be a good deal faster team than was in the league last season, and when the players settle down to steady playing a high grade of ball may be expected.

Greensboro's big score in the opening game is attributable to two things—effective work with the willow and the poor form of the pitchers, coupled with the ragged infield work of the visitors. The Musicians started off with Vicksburg in the box, but he did not have control of his curves, and his wildness and the heavy hitting of the Patriots gave the latter three runs in each of the first two innings. In the fourth inning Myers came into the box but he, too, was in poor form and the locals batted and scored at will. In the eighth inning he was especially wild giving two men bases on balls and allowing three hits which with an error gave Greensboro five runs.

It was a one-sided game from the start. Eldridge was on the slab for the Patriots and was effective. He allowed no one to score in the first six innings, but in the seventh and ninth let up when he permitted the Musicians five hits and, as a result, three earned runs. But Greensboro had too big a lead, and these few runs were not enough to get a satisfactory bit of applause from the admirers of the musical band from the dissenting territory of South Carolina.

The infield work of the Patriots is above reproach, and if the good work holds up it will be by far the strongest infield in the league. The batting average of the local for the first game was high. Bentley got three hits, for two bases, out of five times up; Rickard made three singles; Corwin got one three-bagger and a single, while Fuller came out with two singles to his credit in four times at the bat.

The same teams will play at Cone park today and tomorrow, the games commencing at 4:15 o'clock.

The official score:

Greensboro—	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Rickard, cf.	4	4	3	3	0	0
Doyle, 3b.	4	3	1	1	1	1
Fuller, 1b.	3	2	1	13	3	0
Bentley, rf.	5	0	3	1	0	0
Clapp, 2b.	5	0	2	2	6	0
Lowman, lf.	5	0	0	0	0	0
Corwin, ss.	3	2	2	2	0	0
Ware, c.	4	1	1	3	1	0
Eldridge, p.	4	1	0	2	2	0
Totals	37	13	13	27	13	1

Spartanburg—	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
McCrane, cf.	4	0	3	0	0	0
Wynne, 2b.	4	1	3	2	1	1
Walker, If.	4	2	3	0	0	1
Wayman, rf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Williams, 3b.	3	0	2	2	3	1
Laval, 1b.	4	0	0	9	0	1
McDuff, ss.	3	0	1	2	1	1
Moore, c.	3	0	4	4	0	0
Vicksburg, p.	1	0	0	1	0	0
Myers, p.	2	0	0	3	0	0
Totals	32	3	6	24	14	4

By innings	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Greensboro	330	001	15	13		
Spartanburg	000	000	102	3		
Summary: Earned runs—Greensboro 7; Spartanburg 3. Three-base hits—Corwin, Walker. Two-base hits—						

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.		
W.	L.	P.C.
Greensboro	1	0
Winston	1	0
Anderson	1	0
Charlotte	0	1
Spartanburg	0	1
Greenville	0	1

**PRESIDENT WEARN
GIVES INSTRUCTIONS
TO THE UMPIRES**

President Wearn, of the Carolina Association has a lot to say to the umpires who will officiate this year. His instructions are explicit and are of general interest.

To Umpires:

You will kindly be governed by the following instructions, which you must acquaint yourself with fully, giving each detail careful attention. Read over frequently, and do not fail to become thoroughly familiar with the playing rules.

1. Advise me promptly of your hotel.

2. While on the field carry a watch properly regulated.

3. Wear a dark blue uniform, including a cap, and keep neat at all times.

4. Borrow no money from associations, players or managers.

5. Provide yourself with a small whisk broom for dusting off the plate.

6. Telegrams pertaining to league business may be sent to this office "collect" via Western Union.

7. Arrange if possible that presentations to players be made prior to your calling "Play."

8. To avoid accidents, insist on catchers taking their masks and protectors with them in changing innings, and do not permit brooms to lie about the field.

9. Do not be too hasty in announcing base decisions, particularly those where the runner must be touched to be retired.

10. Try to put snap and vim into your work, and keep the players moving when changing positions. Report chronic loafers in this respect.

11. In case a player intentionally throws a ball over the fence or stand, expel him from the game immediately.

12. Do not talk to spectators during the progress of a game, and see that no player starts any argument with them.

13. All shouting and coaching from the players bench must be strictly prohibited. Report the players inclined to disregard this, also rule governing the coach lines.

14. Announce balls and strikes by calling them in a loud voice, and also by raising the right hand for each strike called, and left for balls.

15. Use your best judgment in continuing game in bad weather. Once started, do not permit a moderate rain to stop the game. Protect both clubs' interests, and if possible play at least five innings. Remove a player for dilatory tactics.

16. Prior to calling "play" announce the batteries to the spectators. Also notify them of the name of a player who is substituted for another during the progress of the game as required by playing rules.

17. When two clubs decide on a time to call a game to catch a train, announce to the spectators that the game will be called at the conclusion of equal innings or on about the time agreed upon.

18. If a club plays a game under protest, make a note of the time, conditions, etc., and write this office fully, giving the facts leading up to and connected with the protest.

19. Your decisions on matters of play are absolute and final and cannot be changed, and the less you explain and argue, the better. An appeal can only be made on the question of legal interpretation of the rules, and then only by the captain.

20. If you are to umpire a double-header, notify both captains that the second game will be called ten minutes after the conclusion of the first. Call "play" then no matter what the time before sunset; provided, of course, it is not too dark to continue.

21. Use no profanity during the game under any circumstances. You will be required to keep yourself above suspicion at all times, notwithstanding any ideas you may have of personal liberty. Drinking will not be tolerated.

22. Inquire of club officials in each city time game will be called, and if any double-headers are scheduled during your assignment.

23. Do not permit anyone not in uni-

That
Spring Suit
FOR YOURSELF OR BOY

Our Clothing Department is Helpfully Ready to Serve Your Needs for the Coming Season at a ::::

Saving in Price.

MEN'S SUITS

Suits worth \$10.00. Price \$7.50. Serges and mixtures of every kind. All we ask is a look and comparison in price.

\$12.50 SUITS AT \$9.50.

This is one of our strongest lines, when you can get an all wool suit at a popular price.

\$15.00 to \$18.00 SUITS, \$13.50.

You will find the values better than you expected. Suits that are worth more, and that you pay more for elsewhere.

Odd Lots of Low Shoes

For Men, Women and Children—all out on our BARGAIN COUNTERS—each pair priced in plain figures. Come look them over—the Saving in Price is Great.

Brown-Belk Co.

If You Don't Trade With Us We Both Lose Money

Girls Play Ball.

The girls' baseball team at the Normal training school defeated the girls' baseball team of West Lee street yesterday afternoon. The score was 22 to 6. The features of the game was the batting and pitching of Willie Moose.

AN EVENT TO COME

Guy Carleton Lee, Historian and Journalist, who is beyond question one of the most eloquent of the great speakers of the world has been secured by the Barium Springs Society to deliver a series of three lectures on great questions of the day. Dr. Lee has an international reputation as a writer and speaker and is an exceedingly busy man. It is only by the greatest good fortune and much planning that the ladies have been able to bring him here in their educational and uplift work. He will speak on May 1 and 2, 8:15 p. m. at Smith Memorial building and his lectures will be of the greatest benefit to all who have the good fortune to hear them.

Building Permits.

Building permits have been issued to Guilford county for the erection of an annex to the court house, the estimated cost being \$6,000, and to the Luthern church for the erection of a \$15,000 house of worship on Ashe street, between Washington and Buchanan streets.

Licensed Chauffeurs in City.

According to the records in the office of City Clerk Michaux there are 100 licensed chauffeurs in the city. They are licensed to drive automobiles and other machines propelled by gasoline power.

Pocket Edition Free.

Manual of Specific Homeopathic M. F. Humphreys, M. D. Giving concise directions for the care of the sick and the treatment of all diseases, more especially of women and children with Humphreys' Specifics—144 page book that fits your vest pocket—mailed free.

Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Co., William and Ann Streets, New York.

The Leonard Cleanable Porcelain Lined Refrigerator,

The Sanitary Refrigerator, the Ice Saving Refrigerator—useful and beautiful, White Mountain Ice Cream Freezers, Lawn Mowers and Lawn Hose.

Join the crusade against the pesky flies. We have the Screens to keep them out, and if they do get in, kill them. We have the King Fly Killer. Call to see us and let us show you that we have the goods.

Yours to please,

Greensboro Hardware Co.,
Phone 131
221 South Elm St.